

(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Bharathiar University, Coimbatore)

ERODE - 638 107

PROGRAM NAME M.Sc. (Biochemistry)



(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Bharathiar University, Coimbatore)

ERODE - 638 107

2017-2018



(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Bharathiar University, Coimbatore)

ERODE - 638 107

SYLLABUS

Sem.	Course Code	CORE PAPER I -	Total M	arks: 100	Hours Per Week	Credits
I	17 PBFCT101		CIA: 25	ESE: 75	5	4

Objectives:

- To provide an overview of the macromolecules that are key to all living system.
- To develop sufficient knowledge about higher order structures i.e. Polysaccharides,
 Proteins, Lipids, Nucleic acids and Natural Products.
- At the end of this course students will be able to obtain a keen knowledge on the characterization of biological macromolecules.

UNIT-I

Polysaccharides - Homo and Heteroglycans

Occurrence, Structure, Isolation, properties and functions of Homoglycans - Starch, Glycogen, Cellulose, Dextrin, Inulin, Chitins, Xylans, Arabinans, Galactans.

Occurrence, Structure, Properties and functions of Heteroglycans – Bacterial cell wall polysaccharides, Glycosaminoglycans, Agar, Alginic acid, Pectins and Deoxy sugars, Blood group substances and Sialic acid.

Glycoproteins and their Biological applications. Lectins - Structure and functions.

UNIT-II

Proteins

Classification of Proteins on the basis of solubility and shape, Structure and Biological functions. Isolation, fractionation and purification of proteins.

Primary structure - Peptide Bond, Determination of Amino acid sequence of proteins. Secondary structure - Weak interactions involved - Alpha helix, Beta sheet and Beta turns structure. Pauling and Corey model for fibrous proteins. Collagen triple helix. Super secondary structures (Helix-Loop-Helix), Ramachandran plot.

Tertiary structure - Bonds involved in stabilizing Tertiary structure (Myoglobin).

Quaternary structure - Structure and Biological functions of Hemoglobin.

UNIT-III

Lipids

Lipids – Classification of lipids. Phospholipids - Classification, Structure and functions. Glycolipids - Ceramides and Sphingomyelins.

Eicosanoids - Structure and functions of Prostaglandin, Thromboxane, Leukotriene.

Types and functions of Plasma lipoproteins. Lipaminoacids – Animal cells (N- acyl-lycine and N-arachidonyl serine) and Bacteria (N-acyl-L-homoserine lactones and N-acyl-lycine).

Steroids - Stauture and biological significance of Cholesterol. Statin drugs Properties

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UNIT-IV

Nucleic acids

Warson & Crick Model of DNA structure. A. B and Z forms of DNA. Properties of DNA – Buoyant density, Viscosity. Denaturation and Renaturation; Cot curve analysis. Hypochromic effect.

Major classes of RNA – mRNA, rRNA, tRNA – Structure and biological functions. DNA-Protein interactions. DNA binding motifs in proteins – Helix Loop Helix (HLH) motif, Zinc finger motif and Leucine zipper motif. Techniques characterizing Nucleic acid-Protein complex – Gel retardation assay, DNase I footprinting.

UNIT-V

Natural products

Carbohydrates and derived products - Drugs containing Glycosides, Tannins, Lipids (fixed oils, fats and waxes), Properties and health benefits of Volatile oils, Synthesis and Biological importance of Terpenoids, Alkaloids (Cocaine, Nicotine and Quinine), Flavonoids (Quercetin, Flavonols and Chalcones). Chemistry and potential uses of Ouinone derivatives

Heterocylic compounds – Definition, synthesis and applications of Porphyrin.

Potential uses of Plant and Animal pigments - Betalins, Xanthophyll, Anthocyanin, Cytochrome and Melanin.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Rastogi S.C, V.N. Sharma, Anuradha Tanden, Concepts in Molecular Biology, 1993.
- 2. Zubay, GL,' Biochemistry' WCB Publishers.
- 3. Deb, A.C., Fundamentals of Biochemistry, New Central Agency, Calcutta, 3rd Edition, 1989.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Lehninger, A.L., Nelson, D.L., Cox, M.M., Principles of Biochemistry, CBS Publishers, 2nd Edition, 1993.
- 2. Lubert stryer, Biochemistry, Freeman and company, 4th Edition, 1995.
- 3. Voet and Voet, John Wiley and sons NY, 'Fundamentals of Biochemistry' 2002.
- 4. Thomas .M. Devlin, 'Text Book of Biochemistry with clinical correlation', John WileyLiss, Hobokhen NJ publishers 2006.

5. Robert N Trigiano, Dennis J Gray, Plant Tissue Culture Concepts and Laboratory Exercises, Second Edition, CRC Press November 1999.

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SECTIONS A	SECTION - B NANJ	ANAPURANDERPREN638-107.
Wx.1 (=09) Marks	$5 \times 7 = 35 \text{ Marks}$	$3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ Marks}$
(Multiple Choice, Four options)	(Either or choice)	(Answer any three Questions)
Two questions from each unit	Two questions from each unit	One Question from each unit
		HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY
KONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE
(AUTONOMOUS)

Sem. Course		CORE PAPER II -	Total Marks: 100		Tarina Control (1900) Control (1900)	Credits
	Code	BIOCHEMICAL			Week	
I	17 PBFCT102	TECHNIQUES	CIA: 25	ESE: 75	5	4

Objectives:

- To have a basic understanding of the theoretical principles involved in Bioinstrumentation
- To have the practical skills and techniques required in biochemical analysis
- To become competent in the basic experimental techniques of biochemistry

UNIT-I

Chromatographic Techniques – Principle, technique and applications of Paper, Thin Layer Chromatography, Ion-exchange, Molecular sieve, Affinity, Adsorption, Gas Liquid Chromatography, High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC).

Identification and Expression Assay – Flow Cytometry, DNA Microarray and Protein Microarray.

Cytotoxicity Assay - Comet and MTT Assay.

UNIT-II

Electrophoresis – Principle, technique and applications of Agarose gel Electrophoresis for DNA separation, SDS-PAGE for protein separation, Isoelectric focusing, Capillary electrophoresis, 2D gel electrophoresis, Pulsed-field gel electrophoresis for DNA separation, KASPar assay.

Applications of Electrophoresis in Blotting techniques and DNA Fingerprinting.

UNIT-III

Centrifugation – Basic Principles, Relative Centrifugal Force (RCF), Factors affecting Sedimentation. Ultracentrifuge – Preparative and Analytical ultracentrifuge.

Preparative Ultracentrifuge: Subcellular organelle separation by Density gradient and Differential centrifugation. Analytical ultracentrifuge – Determination of molecular weight by Sedimentation Velocity method.

UNIT-IV

Spectrophotometry – Basic principles, Laws of Absorption, UV Visible and IR Spectroscopy. ESR, NMR, Mass Spectrometry, Flame Photometry, Flourimetry, Applications of GC-MS.

Graction technique - Principle, Instrumentation and Applications.

ration using NanoDrop.

Principle and Applications.

UNIT - V

Radiochemical techniques – Nature of Radioactive Emissions – Alpha, Beta, Gamma Emissions, Units of Radioactivity. Detection and Measurement of Radioactivity – GM Counter, Scintillation Counting and Autoradiography. Radioactive (³²P) and Nonradioactive (Digitonin) Labeling. Applications of Radioisotopes in Biology. Radiochemical purity in Radiopharmaceuticals. Radiation safety in Radioisotope Laboratories.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Asokan, Analytical Biochemistry, China Publications, 2003.
- 2. Upadhyay *et al.*, Biophysical Chemistry Principles and Techniques, Himalaya Publishing House, 2009.
- 3. Sharma. V.K, Instrumental Methods for Chemical Analysis, XI Edition, 1981.
- 4. Plummer.D.T, An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, III Edition, 1998.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Wilson and Walker, A biologist's guide to principles and techniques of Practical Biochemistry, V Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2000.

Q	UESTION PAPER PATTERN	
SECTION - A	SECTION - B	SECTION - C
10 x 1 = 10 Marks (Multiple Choice, Four options) Two questions from each unit	5 x 7 = 35 Marks (Either or choice) Two questions from each unit	3 x 10 = 30 Marks (Answer any three Questions) One Question from each unit

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Sem.	Course Code	CORE PAPER III - ENZYMES AND ENZYME	Total M	arks: 100	Hours Per Week	Credits
I	17 PBFCT103	TECHNOLOGY	CIA: 25	ESE: 75	4	4

Objectives:

- To acquaint students with fundamental of enzymes and kinetics of enzyme catalysed reactions.
- To provide a comprehensive overview about the principles of enzymology and techniques employed in the utilization of enzymes.
- To acquire a better understanding on the modern approaches of enzyme technology and their applications.

UNIT I

Enzymes: Introduction, Classification of enzymes, Factors affecting enzyme activity. Active site- Definition: investigations of active site structure, Trapping ES complex, use of substrate analogues. Enzyme modification by treatment with proteases, Enzyme modification by site directed mutagenesis. Isoenzymes (LDH and CK), Multienzyme complex (Fatty acid Synthetase complex).

UNIT II

Mechanism of Enzyme Action: Enzyme catalysis- Acid base catalysis, covalent catalysis, Mechanisms of catalysis -Lysozyme, Chymotrypsim.

Metal activated enzymes & Metallo enzymes. Role of metal ions in mechanism - Carbonic anhydrase, Superoxide dismutase, Carboxy peptidase.

Coenzymes - Pyridoxal Phosphate, Co-enzyme A, TPP, NAD and FAD and its catalytic reaction. Cofactors.

UNIT III

Enzyme kinetics: Michaelis Menten equation and its significance, Lineweaver Burk plot, Eadie - Hofstee plot and Hanes plot.

Allosteric enzymes- Concerted, Sequential Model, Allosteric inhibition- Aspartate transcarbomylase and regulation.

Enzyme inhibition - Types & kinetic differentiation of Competitive, Non-competitive and Uncompetitive inhibitions. Ribozyme and Abzymes.



UNIT IV

Industrial applications of enzymes: Extraction, Purification and Stabilization of Amylases (Bacterial and Fungal) and Proteases (Bacterial and Fungal).

Applications of Enzymes in Food industry: Role of enzymes in Brewing. Baking. and meet processing industry.

Applications of Enzymes in Detergent, Leather, Textile Processing.

Clinical application of enzymes - Diagnostic and Therapeutic enzymes.

UNIT V

Immobilised enzymes:- Techniques of immobilization and applications of immobilized enzyme. Biosensors: Calorimetric biosensors: Potentiometric biosensors: Amperometric biosensors, Immunosensors.

Recent advances and future prospects in Enzyme Technology: Enzymes and recombinant DNA technology, Modification enzymes.

Enzyme engineering- Synthesis of artificial enzymes, Use of 'unnatural' substrates.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Palmer, 'Understanding Enzymes' 3rd edition, Printice Hall, 1991
- 2. Trevor Palmer and Philip Bonner, 'Enzymes', 2nd Edition, Woodhead publishing, 2007.
- 3. Enzymes Dixon and Webb.
- 4. Alan Welshman, 2nd Edition, Hand book of enzyme biotechnology.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Marangoni, John Wiley, 'Enzyme Kinetics. 'A Modern Approach', 2002.
- 2. Chapline, Bucke, 'Enzyme Technology', 1st Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1990.
- 3. Price and Stevens, 'Fundamentals of enzymology', 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, 1995
- 4. Nooralabettu Krishna Prasad, 'Enzymes technology', PHI Learning Pvt, 2011.
- 5. Galy Walch ,Protein Biotechnology.

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN							
SECTION - A	SECTION - B	SECTION - C					
10 x 1 = 10 Marks (Multiple Choice, Four options) Two questions from each unit	5 x 7 = 35 Marks (Either or choice) Two questions from each unit	3 x 10 = 30 Marks (Answer any three Questions) One Question from each unit					



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Sem.	Course Code	CORE PAPER V - PLANT	Total M	arks: 100	Hours Per Week	Credits
I	17 PBFCT105	BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY	CIA: 25	ESE: 75	4	4

Objectives:

- To provide sufficient knowledge about the various metabolic pathways and its applications in plant productivity
- To obtain knowledge on production of transgenic plants
- To become familiar with the exciting topics in plant biology research

UNIT-I

Photosynthesis: Photosynthetic apparatus- Chloroplast. Organisation of thylakoid. Photosynthetic pigments - Structure, biosynthesis and functions of Chlorophyll, Carotenoids. Light absorption and energy conservation by pigment molecules.

Electron Transport System: Reaction centre complex. Photo system(s) I and II. Cyclic and Noncyclic Photophosphorylation. Electron transport pathways in Chloroplast membranes. ATP synthesis in Chloroplasts.

UNIT-II

Carbon reactions in plants: Calvin Cycle (C_3) , Hatch-Slack Cycle (C_4) and CAM plants. Photorespiration (C_2) Cycle and its importance.

Metabolic Pathways: Pathways of glucose oxidation in plants. Starch biosynthesis and degradation. Overview of lipid and protein metabolism in plants. Phytochrome and its role in flowering of plants. Biochemical changes during Senescence.

UNIT-III

Nitrogen Cycle: Nitrogen fixation- Enzymology of nitrogen fixation. Symbiotic nitrogen fixation- Root nodules and Symbiosomes. Symbiotic nitrogen fixation in legumes by Rhizobia. Nitrate Reduction, Nitrite Reduction and Nitrogen Assimilation. Non-symbiotic nitrogen fixation, Nitrogen assimilation.

Sulphur Cycle: Chemistry and functions, Sulphur uptake and transport, Sulfate activation and reduction in plants.

Xenobiotics: Role of Glutathione during Stress condition.

UNIT-IV

Plant gene: Structure of plant genes. Nuclear and Chloroplast and Mitochondrial genome. Biosynthesis and development of chloroplast.

Plant tissue culture: Tissue culture media- MS media- composition and preparation. Callus culture and initiation.

Micro propagation- Organogenesis and Somatic embryogenesis. Somaclonal variation, Protoglass culture and Protoplast fusion, Identification of Hybrids - Physiological, Diochemical and Molecular markers.

roduction Harlod plants-Androgenesis and Gynogenesis.

UNIT-V

Transgenesis: Gene transfer in plants - Direct gene transfer: Biolistics; Vector mediated transfer - *Agrobacterium* mediated transformation using Ti and Ri plasmids. Plant viruses as Vectors - CaMV and Gemini viruses.

Application of Transgenic plants: Insect resistant (Bt toxin) plants, Virus resistant plants, Herbicide resistant (glyphosate) plants. Germplasm conservation. Genetically engineered plants as Protein factories.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. T.A.Brown, 'Gene Cloning: An Introduction' 3rd edition, Chapman & Hall, 1995.
- 2. Verma.S.K., A textbook of Plant Physiology and Biochemistry, 3rd Revised Edition. S.Chand & Company, 2000.
- 3. Dr.U.Satyanarayana, Biotechnology, Books and Allied (P) Ltd., 2005.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Bob, Buchannan "Biochemistry and Molecular biology of plants" I.K International Pvt. Ltd, 2000.
- 2. Anderson, Beandall, "Metabolic activities of plant cells" Blackwell Scientific Publishers
- 3. Anderson, Beandall, "Biochemistry and molecular biology of plants" Blackwell Scientific Publishers, 1960.
- 4. Bonner, Varner, "Plant biochemistry" 3rd edition, Academic Press Inc, 1997.
- 5. Chrispeels et al., Jones and Bartlett, "Plants, genes and crop biotechnology" 2nd edition, 2002.
- 6. Doyle, Griffiths, John Wiley,"Cell and tissue culture: laboratory procedures"1998.
- 7. Hans, Walter-Heldt, "Plant biochemistry and molecular biology" Oxford University Press, 1997
- 8. Nicholls, "Genetic engineering" 2nd edition, Cambridge University Press, 2002
- 9. Primrose *et al*, "Principles of gene manipulation" 6th edition, Blackwell Scientific Publishers, 2001
- 10. William .G.Hopkins, Norman .P.A .Huners, Plant Physiology 4th Edition 2008.

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN							
SECTION - A	SECTION - B	SECTION - C					
10 x 1 = 10 Marks (Multiple Choice, Four options) Two questions from each unit	5 x 7 = 35 Marks (Either or choice) Two questions from each unit	3 x 10 = 30 Marks (Answer any three Questions) One Question from each unit					



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Sem.	Course Code	CORE BIOCHEMSTRY PRACTICAL - I	Total M	arks: 100	Hours Per Week	Credits
I	17 PBFCP106		CIA: 40	ESE: 60	4	3

I. Biochemical Calculations

1. Preparation of Molar solutions, Normal solutions and Percentage solutions [v/v, w/v]. Dilution factor calculations.

II. Colorimetric experiments

- 2. Isolation and estimation of Starch from Potato
- 3. Estimation of Fructose in Fruits
- 4. Estimation of Lactose from Milk
- 5. Isolation and estimation of Ascorbic acid from Fruit
- 6. Estimation of Protein by Lowry Method

III. Separation techniques

- 7. Separation of Amino acids by Paper Chromatography Circular and Ascending
- 8. Separation of Lipids by Thin Layer Chromatography
- 9. Separation of plant pigments by Column Chromatography

IV. Bioinformatics

- 10. Sequence and Structural Database -NCBI, EMBL, DDBJ, PDB
- 11. Search Similarity tools BLAST and Clustal W
- 12. Gene Prediction using GenMark and GenScan
- 13. Proteomics tools Expasy
- 14. Molecular Visualisation tools Rasmol, Spdbv.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCES

- 1. David T. Plummer, An introduction to practical biochemistry.
- 2. Pattabiraman, Laboratory manual in biochemistry.
- 3. J. Jayaraman, Practical Biochemistry.
- 4. K. Mani and N. Vijayaraj, Bioinformatics for Beginners, I Edition, Kalaikathir Achagam, Coimbatore, 2002.

	Qı	iestion Pap	er Pa	ttern (60 Mark	s)		ujek Tibe	
Major & Minor Experiments	40	Spotter	10 N	Viva Voce	05	Record	05	
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Sem.	Course Code	CORE BIOCHEMSTRY PRACTICALS - II	Total M	arks: 100	Hours Per Week	Credits
П	17 PBFCP205		CIA: 40	ESE: 60	5	3

I. Plant Biochemistry

- 1. Qualitative analysis of Phytochemicals:
 - (i) Carbohydrates (ii) Alkaloids (iii) Anthraquinones (iv) Flavonoids (v) Phenols
 - (vi) Lipids (vii) Proteins and Aminoacids

II. Colorimetry and Spectroscopic experiments:

- 2. Estimation of RNA UV and visible methods
- 3. Isolation and estimation of DNA from spleen/liver UV and visible method
- 4. Criteria of Purity of DNA
- 5. Estimation of Total Phenol
- 6. Estimation of Total Flavanoids

Enzyme studies: (Group Experiments)

- 7. Isolation, purification, properties, kinetic studies of the following enzymes:
 - a) Amylase
- b) Protease

III.Immunology

- 8. Immunodiffusion
- 9. Immunoelectrophoresis
- 10. Rocket immunoelectrophoresis

BOOKS FOR REFERENCES

- 1. David T. Plummer, An introduction to practical Biochemistry.
- 2. Pattabiraman, Laboratory manual in Biochemistry.
- 3. J. Jayaraman, Practical Biochemistry.

	C	Question Pap	er Patte	ern (60 Marks)		
Major & Minor Experiments	40	Spotter	10	Viva Voce	05	Record	05

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ERODE - 638 107

ACTIVITIES



Blood Group Identification

19.06.2017 REPORT



KONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE

(AUTONOMOUS) ERODE - 638 107

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Cordially invite you to the

Blood Group Identification for all 1st UG and PG Students

19.06.2017

Venue: UG Biochemistry Lab

Time: 10.00 a.m



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Nanjanapuram, Erode - 638 107.

DPARTMENT OF BIO CHEMISTRY

PROPO GROUP IDENTIFICATION CAMP

The accurate grouping of blood is very important when it comes to having a blood transfusion. If blood is given to a patient that has a blood type that is incompatible with the blood type of the blood that the patient receives, it can cause intravenous clumping in the patient's blood which can be fatal. The patient's body can start producing antibodies that attack the antigens on the blood cells in the blood that was given to the patient, causing reaction and rejection.

Department of Biochemistry conducted Blood group identification camp for I UG and I PG students on 19.06.2017 at the College auditorium

Nearly, 1100 students blood group were identified and the awareness of blood group identification was emphasized. This helps them to donate or receive blood in case of emergency conditions.

HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY KONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) ERODE - 638 107.





Signing MoU with M/S SpinoS Life Science and Research Private Limited

12.07.2017 REPORT



MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

This Memorandum of Understanding is emerced in between Spinos, Life Science and Research Private Ltd. with foroused interest in Research and Training #27A, Krishna Madhuravaman. Alankar Thottam, Vellaklars Piriva, Thudyalar PO, Colimbature-641 029, Hervin after referred to as the "Company".

and

Department of Biochemistry, Kongu Arts and Science College (Autonomous), Nanjanupuram, Erode -638 197. Hervin after referred to as the "Institution".

This Memorandum of Understanding (Mol.1) constitutes a develoption of a relationship between two nonprofit organizations amoney Department of Biochemistry, Kongu Arts and Science College (Autonomous), Nanjanupuram, Erode -638 197. Hervin after referred to as the "Institution".

This Memorandum of Understanding (Mol.1) constitutes a develoption of a relationship between two nonprofit organizations amoney Department of Biochemistry, Kongu Arts and Science College (Autonomous), Nanjanupuram. Erode (here in after called as College) and Mis Spinos Lifescience and Research Private Ltd (here in after called as College) and Mis Spinos Lifescience and Research Private Ltd (here in after called as College) and Mis Spinos Lifescience and Research Private Ltd (here in after called as College) and Mis Spinos Lifescience and Research Private Ltd (here in after called as College) and Mis Spinos Lifescience and Research Private Ltd (here in after called as College) and Mis Spinos Lifescience and Research Private Ltd (here in after called as College) and Mis Spinos Lifescience and Research Private Ltd (here in after called as College) and Mis Spinos Lifescience and Research Private Ltd (here in after called as college) and Mis Spinos Lifescience and Research Private Ltd (here in after called as college) and Mis Spinos Lifescience and Research Private Ltd (here in after called as College) and Mis Spinos Lifescience and Research Private Ltd (here in after called as College) and Mis Spinos Lifescience and Research Private Ltd (here in after called as College) an

A memorandum of understanding is a document that describes the broad outlines of an agreement that two or more parties have reached. The purpose of College MoU with Industry can minimize the gap between learning and carrier opportunity. The industry has many new technology requirements, so industry-academic interaction plays a vital role in the placements Support and carrier growth for the students.

To provide industrial exposure to the students and faculty of the Kongu Arts and Science College, Erode, a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) was signed between the college and M/S SpinoS Life Science and Research Private Limited, Coimbatore. The MoU was signed by Mr. A.KEllango, Correspondent of the college, Dr. N. Raman, Principal and Mr.R. Gowrishankar, Manager M/S SpinoS Life Science and Research Private Limitedin the presence of Dr.A.K.Vidya, Professor and Head, Department of Biochemistry on12.07.2017.

HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT
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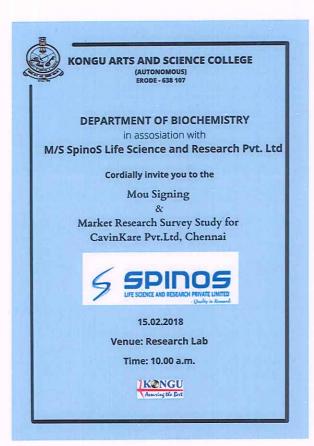




Market Research Survey Study for CavinKare Pvt.Ltd, Chennai

12.07.2017

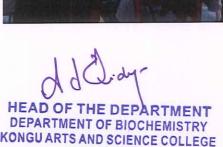
REPORT





A market research survey can help to understand several aspects of the target market. This makes graduates eager and relatively affluent consumers still looking to establish their brand loyalty. Marketing to college students early on gives you a head start against competitors to build trust and loyalty with the affluent, eager and loyal graduate consumer group.

As a part of Mou activity, a Market Research Survey Study for CavinKare Pvt Ltd., Chennaiwas conducted on 12.07.2017 and 258 girl students from various departments served as participants.



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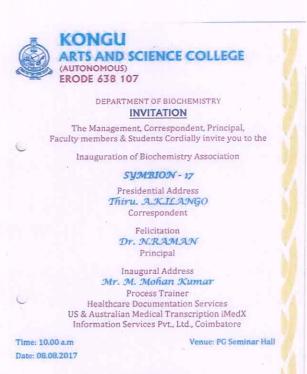




Department Association Symbion' Inauguration

08.08.2017

REPORT





The student organizations exist for the purpose of bringing students together, helping them acclimate to life at the university, connecting them to other students, as well as alumni, and can help students develop transferable skills. Participating in a student organization not only teaches you leadership skills but also helps you broaden and improve those you already have. You'll learn the best way to communicate with both individuals and large groups, and you'll gain emotional intelligence as you develop new relationships.

To inculcate the importance of associations to students, Biochemistry Association (Symbion' 2017) was inaugurated by Mr.M.Mohan Kumar, Process Trainer, Health Care Documentation Services, US and Australian Medical Transcription iMedX Information Services Pvt Ltd, Coimbatore on 08.08.2017

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Guest lecture on "Nutraceutical and Functional Foods"

16.08.2017

REPORT



KONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) FRODE - 638 107

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Cordially invite you to the

Guest Lecture on
"Nutraceutical and Functional
Foods"
Resourcre Person



Dr. PalanivelGanesan,

Assistant Professor, Nanotechnology Research Center, Department of Applied Life Sciences, Konkuk University, Global Campus, Korea

> 16.08.2017 Venue: MB 207 Time: 10.00 a.m.

KONGU Amaine 16 Feet

nutraceutical is defined as any substance that is a food or part of a food and provides medical or benefits, including the health treatment prevention and disease. Nutraceuticals, functional dietary food ingredients and supplements are important for health promotion and disease risk reduction. Nutraceuticals used in the treatment and prevention of different diseases. Nutrients, herbals and dietary supplements are major components of nutraceuticals for maintaining the health, act against various disease conditions and thus promote the quality of life.

A guest lecture about the importance of Nutraceutical and Functional aiven Foods was Dr. PalanivelGanesan, Assistant Professor, Nanotechnology Research Center, Department of Applied Life Sciences, Konkuk University, Global Campus, Korea as Resource person on 16.08.2017.About 150 students of Biochemistry students the were beneficiaries.

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KONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE:
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Blood Donation Camp

18.08.2017

REPORT



KONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) ERODE - 638 107

Let us come forward for a NOBEL CAUSE

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

& Lion's Club of Erode - Midtown

Lion's Club of Erode - Midtown

Cordially invite you to the

BLOOD DONATION CAMP

on August 18th, 2017

College Auditorium Time: 9.30 A.M. (Onwards)

We value your responses....... Donate blood and be the reason of smile to many faces

Assuring the Best



Each day, thousands of people need donated blood and blood products to keep them in good health or allow them to stay alive. The health benefits of donating blood are considerable but of course, the most important part of the process is helping to save lives. Donating blood is good for you, and it's even better for all the people who desperately need the help.

To emphasize the importance of blood donation and blood donation camp was organized at our college on 18.08.2018. Students voluntarily donated blood for a noble cause. The donated blood units were given to government hospitals to help the poor and needy. They save millions of lives and improve the health and quality of life of many patients every day. This extraordinary effort during a time of unprecedented crisis highlights the crucial role of well organized, committed voluntary in ensuring a safe and sufficient blood supply during normal and emergency times. 135 units of blood was donated.

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Blood Group Identification Camp for School students

15.12.2017

REPORT



ONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE

(AUTONOMOUS) ERODE - 638 107

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Cordially invite you to the

Blood Group Identification Camp for Sengulam Government School Students, Anthiyur

15.12.2017

Place: Sengulam Government School, Sengulam, Anthiyur





The accurate grouping of blood is very important when it comes to having a blood transfusion. If blood is given to a patient that has a blood type that is incompatible with the blood type of the blood that the patient receives, it can cause intravenous clumping in the patient's blood which can be fatal. The patient's body can start producing antibodies that attack the antigens on the blood cells in the blood that was given to the patient, causing reaction and rejection

Blood group identification for Sengulam Government School, Sengulam, Anthiyur was done by Mr.G.Karthikeyan, Assistant Professor in Biochemistry and II B.Sc students of our department on 15.12.2017.

. Nearly, 211 students blood group were identified and the awareness of blood group identification was emphasized. This helps them to donate or receive blood in case of emergency conditions. The accurate grouping of blood is very important during blood transfusion.

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Two-Day Workshop on "Biostatistical Analysis on Biological Research" 01.02.2018 & 02.02.2018

REPORT





Statistical analysis is the collection and interpretation of data in order to uncover patterns and trends. It is a component of data analytics. Statistical analysis can be used in situations like gathering research interpretations, statistical modeling or designing surveys and studies. Statistics is the study and manipulation of data, including ways to gather, review, analyze, and draw conclusions from data.

To encourage the students to go with statistical analysis a Two-Day Workshop on "Biostatistical Analysis on Biological Research" was organized by our department for the benefit of PG students and Research scholars on 01.02.2018 & 02.02.2018. Dr. R. Parvathi, Associate Professor and Head, Department of Mathematics, Vellalar College for Women, Dr. G. Sudha, Associate Frode and Professor and Head i/c, Department of Biochemistry, Periyar University, Salem served as Resource person. 54 participants from various colleges attended the workshop

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