KONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE



(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Bharathiar University, Coimbatore)

ERODE - 638 107

PROGRAM NAME Master of Social Work (M.S.W.)

KONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE



(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Bharathiar University, Coimbatore)

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2017-2018

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SYLLABUS

Sem.	Course Code	SOCIAL GROUP	Total Ma	arks :100	Hours	Credits
		WORK			Per week	
1	17PBCCT105		CIA: 25	ESE: 75	4	4

Objectives:

- Group work as a method of social work and to understand values and principles of working with groups.
- To develop the ability to critically analyze problems of groups and factors affecting them.
- Develop appropriate skills and attitudes to work with groups
- To identify the various situations and settings where the method could be used in the context of social realities of the country.

UNIT-I

Social Group Work: Definition, Characteristics, Functions, Nature and Objectives, its prevalence and scope; Historical development and evolution of social group work in west and in India; Basic assumption and Philosophy behind Social Group Work; Psychological needs that are being met in groups.

UNIT-II

Knowledge base for Group Work: Psycho-analytic theory, Learning theory, Field theory, Social exchange theory and Systems theory; Models of Social Group Work: Social Goal model, Remedial model, Reciprocal model, Ecological model.

UNIT – III

Process of Social Group work : Planning stage, Beginning stage, Middle stage, and Ending stage; Principles of Social Group Work; Group dynamics: Definition, Functions and basic assumptions; Group process: Bond, Leadership, Acceptance, Isolation, Rejection, Subgroups, Contagion, Conflict and Control, Communication; Leadership Development and Team building; Types of Groups; Factors of Group formation.



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UNIT-IV

Social Group Work Recording: Use of Social Group Work records, Principles and Problems of Group Work Recording; Group therapy: Significance of Group therapy, Programme planning in Social Group Work, Use of Psychodrama, Socio-drama and sociometry; Different Therapeutic approaches, Transactional analysis, T - groups, Gestalt, Role play, Buzz group and Brain storming.

UNIT - V

Practice of Group Work in various settings: Family & Child welfare setting, Medical & Psychiatry setting, Educational setting, Correctional Setting, Industries setting, Old age homes and Communities; Skills and Roles of the Social Group Worker; Recent & Emerging Trends in Social Group Work Practice; Scope and Limitations of Group Work in different fields of Social Work.

Books for References:

- 1. Sanjay Bhattacharya 2012, Social Work An Integrated Approach, Deep & Deep, New Delhi.
- 2. Charles D. Garvin, Lorraine M. Gutierrez, and Maeda J. Galinsky, 2008, Handbook of Social Work with Groups, Rawat Publications, New Delhi.
- 3. P.D. Misra & Bina Misra 2008, Social Group Work: Theory and Practice, New Royal Book Co, Uttar Pradesh.
- 4. Siddiqui, H.Y. 2008, Group Work: Theories and Practices, Rawat Publications, New Delhi.
- 5. Konapka, 1963, Social Group Work: A Helping Process, Prentice Hall, Inc., JJ.

Q	UESTION PAPER PATTERN	
SECTION - A	SECTION - B	SECTION - C
10 x 1 = 10 Marks (Multiple Choice, Four options) Two questions from each unit	5 x 7 = 35 Marks (Either or choice) Two questions from each unit	3 x 10 = 30 Marks (Answer any three Questions) One Question from each unit



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SEMESTER -II

Sem.	Course Code	COMMUNITY	Total Ma	arks :100	Hours	Credits
		ORGANIZATION AND			Per week	
II	17PBCCT201	SOCIAL ACTION	CIA: 25	ESE: 75	4	4

Objectives:

- To understand the concepts related to working with communities and processes involved in it.
- To provide the knowledge about the role of social worker in social change and social development.
- To familiarize the emerging trends and experiments in community organization.
- To introduce various aspects of social action as an effective method of social work.

UNIT - I: Community Organization and Community Development

Community Organization: Definition, Objectives, Goals, Scope and Philosophy; Historical Development of Community Organization; Community Organization in UK and USA; Models of Community Organization; Concept of Community Development; Similarities and differences between Community Organization and Community Development.

UNIT - II: Methods and Phases of Community Organization

Methods of Community Organization: Planning, Education, Communication, Community Participation, Collective decision-making, Leadership Development, Resource mobilization, Community action, Promotion, and Co-ordination; Phases of Community Organization: Study, Analysis, Assessment, Discussion, Organization, Action, Evaluation, Modification, and Continuation.

UNIT - III: Skills and Applications of Community Organization

ERODE 638 107

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Skills: Organizing Conferences, Committee meetings, Training, Communication, Consultation, Negotiation, Conflict Resolution, Resource mobilization, and Use of relationship, Reporting and documentation, Qualities of Community Organizer and Roles and Responsibilities of Community Organizer. Application of Community Organization in different fields. Fleater Correctional, Educational, Rural and Urban, Industrial Community Welfate Councils and Community Chest.

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UNIT - IV: Social Action and Participatory Rural Appraisal

Social Action: Definition, Objectives, Principles, Methods and Strategies; Social Action and Social Movement; Social Action for Social change and Social Development; Scope of Social Action in India. Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA): Characteristics, Principles, Tools & Techniques in PRA, Steps in PRA, Reporting in PRA.

UNIT - V: Social Activists & Social Movements

Mehta Patkar (Narmada Bachao Andolan Movement), J. Bandopadhyay and Vandana Shiva (Chipko Movement), Bunker Roy (Barefot Movement), Sugathakumari (Silent Valley Movement), C. Radhakrishnan (Solidarity Youth Movement), Kailash Satyarthi (Bachpan Bachao Andolan – Save the Childhood Movement), Anna Hazare (Jan Lokpal Bill – Anti Corruption Movement), Kurian (White Revolution Movement) and UNICEF (Micro Finance Movement).

Books for Reference:

- 1. Christopher A.J Thomas William A,2012, Community Organisation and Social action, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 2. Judith A Lewis, 2012, Community counseling, Cengage Learning.
- 3. Kunal Bhatia, 2012, Social Work and Community Development, Sonali Publications, New Delhi.
- 4. Kulkarni V. V, Social work and community organization,2014, Current Publication Agra.
- 5. Thakur L. K, 2014, Social Work and Community Development, Jnanada Prakashan, Arunachal Pradesh.
- 6. Sanjay Bhattacharya,2012, Social Work : An integrated Approach, Deep & Deep Publications, Delhi.
- 7. Kumar A, 2003, Social Change Through NGOs, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.

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Dr. N. Head the Department PRINCIPAL KONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE CODEBartment of Social Work KONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE CODEBartment of Social Work Kongu Arts and Science College (AUTONOMOUS)

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Sem.	Course Code	SOCIAL WORK WITH PERSONS WITH	Total Ma	arks :100	Hours Per week	Credits
11	17PBCCT203	DISABILITY	CIA: 25	ESE: 75	4	4

Objectives: On completion of the course the students should enrich their knowledge about

- Forms of Disability, Rehabilitative measures.
- Multidisciplinary approach to rehabilitation.
- Role of the social workers/ NGOs in dealing with persons with disability etc.

UNIT-I

Disability: Definition, Causes, Types and Prevalence of various disabilities; Historical perspective (Psychological and Sociological) in India and Abroad (UK, USA); Prevention and Management of disability at Primary, Secondary and Tertiary levels; Societal attitudes towards Persons with Disability.

UNIT-II

Rights of Persons With Disabilities Act-2016; Rehabilitation Council of India Act-1992; National Trust Act-1999; Mental Health Act- 1987; National Policy on Persons With Disabilities; Universal Examination Guidelines.

UNIT - III

Models of Disability: Social, Medical, Institutional and Charity; Millennium development goals; Sustainable development goals; CBR guidelines and Matrix in Community based rehabilitation; Right Based Twin Track Approach; UN Conventions and declarations of Persons with Disabilities.

UNIT-IV

Governmental Schemes and programmes for Persons with Disabilities; Concessions: School children, University students, Scholarship for students, transport and other areas; Information on referral services, Diagnostic services, Production services; Nationalized institutions for the PWD and Functions (NIVH, NIPH, NIOH and NIMH).

UNIT-V

Multidisciplinary rehabilitation team and their roles; Process of rehabilitation, Early identification, Treatment, Fitment of aids and appliances, Education, Vocational rehabilitation; Role of NGOs and INGOs; Role of social worker for persons with disabilities; Interventions methods and strategies at individual, family and community level.

Books for References:

- 1. M.N.G Mani & M.B. Jaiganesh, 2010. UDIS Forum, Coimbatore.
- 2. Albrecht G.L, Katherine D Seelman. & Michael Bury, (2001) Hand Book of disability Studies, Sage, London.
- 3. Karanth, Pratibha & Joe Rozario, (2003) Learning disability in India, Sage, London.
- 4. Hegarty Seamus & MithuAlur, (2002) Education and Children with special needs, sage, London.
- 5. Grant, (2005) Learning disability: A lifecycle approach to valuing people, Open University Press, London.
- 6. Moore, (2005) Researching disability issues, Open University Press, London.

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Sem. Course Code RURA		RURAL AND TRIBAL COMMUNITY	Total Marks :100		Hours Per week	Credits	
П	17PBCET207	DEVELOPMENT	CIA: 25	ESE: 75	4	4	

Objectives:

- The students are enabling to enrich knowledge regarding :
- Basic elements and approaches of Rural and Tribal Community Development.
- Panchayat Raj System and other administrative aspects related to Rural development and Tribal Development.
- To understand the problems and issues of people in Rural/Tribal settings in India and the various governmental programmes and interventions in these settings.
- To study the essential skills of a Community Development Workers.

UNIT - I: Concept of Community Development

Community Development: concept, meaning, need, objectives, history, scope, principles, process, models and methods; Rural community: concept, definition, meaning, need, objective, characteristics; Rural organization and rural development; Rural Development Approach: Multipurpose Approach, Integrated Development Approach, Area Development Approach, Multilevel District planning Approach, Target group Approach; History and evolutions of rural community development in India and Problems of Rural Communities.

UNIT - II: Rural Problems & Rural Extension

Rural problems: poverty, illiteracy, unemployment, community health, casteism, status of women, sex discrimination, bonded labour, superstition, culture of silence, migration; Problems related to agriculture: land holding, productivity and marketing; Rural Extension: concept, objectives and methods.

UNIT – III: Tribal Community

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Tribes: Definition, Characteristics of the Tribal community; Nomadic and Denotified tribes; Major Indian tribes and tribes in Tamil Nadu; Constitutional Provision for the protection of tribes; Social System of Tribes: Social economic conditions, Cultural and religious aspects, status of women and children; Impact of Environmental Laws on Tribal Peopler Tribal leadership and Political Participation: Local, State, and National levels;

KONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) NANJANAPURAM, ERODE - 638 107. Problems of Tribes; Tribal Resettlement and Rehabilitation and its related problems; Impact of environmental laws on tribal population.

UNIT – IV: Panchayat Raj

Panchayat Raj: Ancient local self government in ancient India; Constitutional Provisions in local self government; 73rd Constitutional Amendment; Three tier system of Panchayathi raj in India; Administration at National level and State level; Gram Sabha; Social Auditing; Problems faced by local bodies; Role of NGO's and Panchayat raj institution in rural community development.

UNIT - V: Rural and Tribal Development Programmes

Training Institution: NIRD; SIRD; Past Rural and Tribal Area Development Programme of government of India : A Brief review; Present Rural and tribal development programme of central and state governments; Application of social work methods in rural and tribal development; Problems in implementation of rural and tribal development programmes.

Books for References:

- 1. Parvathamma, C., "Panchayati Raj and Weaker Sections" in Scheduled Castes at the Cross Roads, Ashish Publishing House, New Delhi, 1989.
- 2. Thodupuzha M.Joseph, 2007, Local Governance in India: Ideas, Challenges and strategies, Concept Publishing Company.
- 3. Rawat Bhadouria 1986 Rural Development Dual Strategies Perspectives, Delhi: Anmol.
- 4. Joshi R.B. and Narwani G.S 2005 Panchayat Raj in India New Delhi: Rawat.
- 5. Mudgal Rahul 2006 Rural Development policies and Management, New Delhi: Sarup and Sons.
- 6. Chaudhuri (1981) Tribal Development in India, Inter India Pub. Delhi.

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Head of the Department **Department of Social Work** ARAAN Dr. N. I Kongu Arts and Science College (Autonomous) KONGU ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGenjanapuram, Erode-638 107. (AUTONOMOUS) NANJANAPURAM, ERODE - 638 107.